

The Daily Gazette. City of Janesville. Thursday Evening, May 24, 1860. Official Paper of the City. Republican Nominations.

For President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, OF ILLINOIS. For Vice President, HANNIBAL HAMLIN, OF MAINE. Republican Presidential Electors. AT LARGE: WALTER D. MANDLER, of Marathon; HENRY D. HARRISON, of Wisconsin. READER CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: W. A. VANDERBILT, of Racine. JEFFERSON CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: J. A. HARRIS, of Janesville. CLAY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: J. A. HARRIS, of Janesville.

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Letter from a Pike's Peak Emigrant. We have been permitted to copy the following extracts from a letter written by Mr. J. Ties, of this city, to his parents and friends. It is dated South Platte, May 11th, 1860.

"I am now seated in our tent on a carpet-bag and writing on the table about five miles above the South Platte Crossing. This is a town of three mud houses, or ranches, as they are termed in this country; they are built of sods with a roof composed of earth.

We are all well, and doing first rate. It is quite warm now. We camped early on account of our furs. The grass has been very poor so far, but this afternoon we found some that is good. Our teams have done well. We are in company with the first team that we fell in with in Iowa. The company is composed of six persons, all fine men. We travelled with Wm. Langstaff from Council Bluffs to Fort Kearney, when one of our horses became lame, and his company went ahead. We afterwards overhauled them at Cotton Wood Springs, where we laid over two days to wash our clothes and bake some bread.

We have had one of the worst snow storms I ever saw, commencing some time in the night of the eighth. It began with rain and wind from the northwest. Towards morning it began to snow and blow a gale. It kept increasing in violence until about 11 o'clock in the forenoon. I expected every moment to see our tent go to pieces, but it stood it first rate. I saw one poor man who perished in this storm. His name was Painter, and he was one of those Iowa men who went out early in the morning to hunt their cattle. He was found on Wednesday morning alive, but insensible, and died soon after they brought him into camp. The other two were not found until Thursday, both dead. I have heard that others are missing; if so, no doubt they are dead, for no man could live exposed to such a storm for any great length of time. Even the birds perished; I saw several lying dead on the ground after the storm was over.

There are many persons and several families, including women and children, left on the plains with nothing but their wagons and provisions. They have lost their teams, and can go neither backwards nor forwards. We passed one camp which had lost thirty head of cattle. One man lost two yoke of cattle, and when he went to look for them, one had been killed by the wolves, and the others were alive. When first discovered the wolves had one ox down, and his mate was fighting them, and although somewhat wounded, was rescued by the owner. It is dark and I must stop. Write to Denver City; we shall be there in seven or eight days; we have now ninety miles to travel to reach that place. Yours, &c., J. TIES.

A LITTLE DOOR-STEP INCIDENT AT BUFFALO.—On Friday evening last, a gentleman residing in Buffalo, found a basket on his doorstep, the contents of which proved to be an extremely young male infant, so young in fact that it had probably not opened its eyes to the light. Pinned to the baby's swaddling clothes was the following note, without signature:

BEUFALO, May 18, 1860. The babe was born at 5 P. M., of respectable parents. The father does not know that it exists. It is impossible for the mother ever to claim it. Take it for your own, if you wish it; or, if not, it can be taken away. The baby having an "intellectual cast of countenance," suggestive of future distinction, was thought worthy to bear a very honorable name, and so it was christened Hamlin A. Lincoln, and placed in charge of the overseers of the poor.

A "CHILD MARRIAGE" AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.—The Washburn Co. Argus says: "Last week we chronicled the decease of a Mrs. Case, of this village, aged sixteen years, six months and ten days. Mrs. C., so early called from life to death, was married about three years ago, and has left three little children to mourn a mother's loss—a sad commentary on the error of such early marriages. Let parents beware, and girls take warning."

For the Daily Gazette. Wheat Culture. In my last I promised to speak of the true depth to cover wheat when sown.

There are at least two prime objects to be considered—First, the most suitable depth for the immediate germination; Secondly, that depth which will be most conducive to a full development of its natural and peculiar organism.

There seems to be a curious fact connected with this; that is, that the same depth which will cause the grain to send forth its roots and sprout the most readily, will likewise allow it to spread out its numerous spires in the most natural manner. I think no one will take up an argument against me on this ground—that from one to two inches covering will cause the grain to vegetate the most readily of any depth of covering that can be given it. If covered less than one inch, sooner or later it will be liable to suffer from drought; this I think will require no argument to satisfy the most skeptical, as experience has settled that fact long ago, more certainly than any theory can. If covered more than two inches, there seems to be a transgression of natural law which is punished by suffering or entire dissolution, according to the extent of the crime or disobedience. On this point there may be more or less disagreement in the minds of men; therefore, it becomes necessary to examine the facts in the case, and see what, if any, appear by which we can come to a safe conclusion.

Now, the facts are these: If covered three or more inches, the spire will assume the appearance of a root or woody fibre until within about two inches of the surface of the ground, and then it will form a base for the purpose of sending up its numerous spires, which, if covered less than two inches, would form at the kernel, a fact that any one who doubts may satisfy himself upon by examination. Now, any appearance of this woody fibre seems to be punished by suffering, and if there is much length of it the spire is almost sure to die.

If such are the facts, nature has most certainly kindly furnished us with a certain criterion by which to guide us to success. By obeying her dictates we shall escape her penalties. After the base is formed by the enlarged stock, the second leaf starts on that base, and between the leaf and the main stalk, appears the crown for the second leaf and on the opposite side of the main stalk, which three correspond to the first three taproots, which is often the case in strong and healthy kernels sown at a proper distance from each other, and on good soil. Then there will be two more crowns, one on each side of the main stalk, and between the two first crowns.

I spoke in my last of there being sometimes as many as seven taproots, which is sometimes the case; and then there will be two more crowns, whose location will be between the two first and the main stalk, which denotes very strong and healthy grain.

Least I trespass on the kindness of the editor, I will close for this time. J. B. PEMBER. Speech by Hon. Hannibal Hamlin on his Nomination. The republicans at Washington on Friday evening proceeded to the Washington House, where Mr. Hamlin resides, and serendipitously in honor of the occasion of his nomination for vice president. Mr. Hamlin responded in the following speech:

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE. BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot. New York, May 24. Advice from Kingston, Jamaica, to the 20th have been received.

Wm. Girard, editor of the Colonial Standard, police magistrate for the city of Kingston, and one of the most respected citizens of the community, had been detected in extensive forgery on the Island Bank, and had been sentenced to imprisonment in the general penitentiary for three years.

Slight shocks of an earthquake had been felt in Jamaica, but the damage done was trifling when compared with that done in Hayti.

In Port au Prince shocks were so violent that it was thought that they continued a second time, and that the place would have been levelled.

The second trot on the Union course between the stallions Geo. M. Patchin and Elkan Allen, to wagers, again resulted in the victory of the first, which won the race in three straight heats. The match was most contested and excellent time was made.

FROM WASHINGTON.—A philanthropic scene occurred in the ante-room of the representative hall to-day. A handsome mulatto slave girl appeared in the charge of Dr. Davidson of this city, with a statement that she had been sold to a negro trader, but by raising \$500 in cash and securing the payment of \$700 more by the 1st of August, she could purchase her freedom.

The friends of Seward, who are best authorized to speak in his behalf, rebuked in the most emphatic terms, the suggestion that he will give a cold or halting support to Mr. Lincoln, or encourage lukewarmness in others.

related simply to it, and contended that by our treaty stipulations its passage was demanded. Mr. Davis caused the treaty to be read, to show that no such obligations existed.

Mr. Brown contended that the negroes were slaves at home, and that it was not inhuman to return them home it was not inhuman to bring them away.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS. FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.—It is said that the grand jury of Queen Anne's county, Maryland, have presented the New York Tribune and the Sunday School Advocate as incendiary documents under the act of the assembly of 1831.

ANOTHER SLAVEY CAPTURED.—The bark Wm. Tate, of New York, has been taken into Key West with 550 negroes on board, having been captured by the United States ship Wyandotté off the Isle of Pines.

NOT ONE TO BE FOUND.—We are informed, that in the town of Cedar Falls, Iowa, containing about 1,500 inhabitants, there are not over twelve or fifteen democrats, and among this number, not one was competent to manage the post-office of the town.

A HEAVY BRIDGE BROWN DOWNS.—Loss from \$20,000 to \$30,000.—We learn from the Rock Island Register that a terrible hurricane swept over that region on Sunday night about 6 o'clock, and in its course swept away the large covered railroad bridge across Rock river, on the C. & R. I. R. R.

A FOX LAKE WAIF.—We learn from the Fox Lake Gazette that a male baby three or four weeks old, was left at the door of Quarts H. Barron's house on Friday morning last. As friend Barron had made no provisions in his household for rearing unwelcome babies, the youngster was handed over to the authorities, and is now at the county poor-house.

THE WYOMOUTH POISONING CASE.—This case in which George C. Hersey is charged with poisoning two young ladies, will probably prove the most exciting trial which has been before the courts in this state since the death of Dr. Parkman by Dr. Webster.

The investigation by the coroner's jury in the late mysterious death at Weymouth, has resulted in declaring that Betsy Frances Farrell was poisoned with strychnine, which has also been discovered in the remains of her eldest sister Mary, who died about three months previously.

KEEP ALL CLEAN.—The sap vessels of trees, as well as the pores of the human body, become clogged, and the system unhealthy, unless cleanliness is maintained by frequent rubbing, washing, &c. Now is a good time to apply a wash of weak ley water to the bodies of all young or old fruit trees. Clear away all the grass around the roots, dig out the worms, and make all clean, so that the tree can grow new in the growing season.

QUICK AND STRAIGHT MILKING.—A very successful dairyman writes to the New England Farmer, that one of the greatest essentials in the management of cows is good milking.

THE democratic leaders at Washington are casting about for some one to run against Lincoln. They talk of Seymour of New York, and Guthrie of Kentucky, Douglas being considered out of the question.

ARRANGED.—The La Crosse Republican states that the Union will be again issued this week, Swineford having disposed of his interest in the establishment to Pomeroy.

DETECTION OF POISON.—A medical publication gives an account of arsenic being discovered in a dilution of 500,000 times; and it also gives another account of an analysis which "proved incontrovertibly the presence of strychnine and brucia in considerable quantities."

SPECIAL NOTICES. Dentistry. M. Johnson still continues the practice of Dentistry at the old place, over the Rock County Bank, corner Main and Third streets, Janesville, Wis. He is a new manufacturing artificial Teeths on "Improved Rubber Base." This substance has been thoroughly tested, and found to be superior to many others. It is very strong and light, and is worn with greater ease and comfort than most anything else, and can be refitted at a place which places it within the reach of all.

EDGERTON BRICK! Wood and Coal Yard. I am now receiving a new supply of very choice Edgerton Brick, which are offered at a very low price. MY WOOD AND COAL YARD. Is regularly supplied with new shipments and new stock. Persons desiring to purchase any of these articles can make satisfactory prices with me.

Cocaine for the Hair. Camphor Ice, Camphor Ice and Glycerine Soap, Ammonia, Hair Restoratives and Tonics, sold by G. R. CURTIS, Peoples' Drug Store. BENNETT, CASSADY & GIBBS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

GENERAL REAL ESTATE AGENTS. Will furnish full and reliable ABSTRACTS OF TITLE to any lands in Rock county. Office in Lappin's Block, Main Street, JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

R. B. Treat, M. D. Physician and Surgeon. Office at hotel corner, directly over Ballman & Collins' Drug Store. Particular attention will be given to all cases requiring Medical or Surgical treatment or advice. Janesville, Aug. 1, 1859.

1860 New Commission House. 1860 We have established ourselves in the General Agency and Commission Business in the State of Milwaukee, Wis., recently vacated by Harrows & Lund, and will at all times keep a full stock of all the goods and articles usually kept by such houses.

WATER LIME! From Ames & Co., Oswego—a celebrated brand, and warranted perfect. Ohio Cheese! Always on hand. Dealers supplied at the lowest market rates. Milwaukee, Wis. H. A. HARRIS, 101 and 103 PROSPERITY from the popular house of Lawrence, Motony & Co., which we offer at manufacturing prices.

TIN! TIN!! TIN!!! IT IS A FACT THAT W. G. BEARING Keeps the best assortment of Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Ware in the City of Janesville, and is selling it at two prices to correspond.

MILK PANS at reduced prices, for cash. A full stock of Cooking and Parlor Stoves, PUMPS, LEAD PIPE, &c. HAVE TROUBLED AND CONDUCTORS. ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER. Store on Triangle, east of the Hyatt House.

New Millinery Establishment. MRS. FRITZ respectfully invites the ladies of Janesville and vicinity to visit her new and stylish establishment on Third street, opposite the Hyatt House No. 2. The stock is ENTIRELY NEW and fashionable in style. The prices will be as low as of any other house in the city. Janesville, April 23, 1860.

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Republican Nominations.

For President,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

Republican Presidential Electors.

AT LARGE:
WALTER D. MCINDOE, of Marathon,
BRADFORD RIXFORD, of Wisconsin.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
W. W. VAUGHN, of Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
J. Allen Barber, of Grant.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
H. Lindeman, of Jefferson.

The Contrast.

The unanimity and harmony in the republican party, both at their National Convention and since the nominations have been made, are worthy of remark, as contrasting very strongly with the scenes of contention and conflict which characterized the Charleston convention, and the fierce and hostile debates which are now going on in that party in relation to their candidates and platform. Each section of the democratic party is marshaling its forces for the trial of strength at Baltimore. The dispute has broken out with violence in the senate among the democratic leaders, in which language is used entirely incompatible with a peaceful solution of the difficulties which surround them. Douglas and his friends seem now more inclined to compromise than heretofore. It is Douglas or nothing with them. They are well aware that if he is defeated, they stand no chance in the distribution of the spoils; hence it will be war to the knife on their part, while their opponents are not unwilling to get rid of the greedy followers of Douglas, who would monopolize everything if their favorite could be nominated and elected.

It cannot be denied, too, that there is something like principle involved in this quarrel. Not, we are quite sure, on the part of Douglas, or his delegates who squabble for their chief in the convention. But back of these, there are the democratic masses of the north, who think they have eaten dirt enough at the command of the south. The delegates might be willing to agree to a slave code platform but the people whom they represent will not submit to it. Hence if a compromise is patched up at Baltimore, and if the immolation of Douglas is the next article in the agreement, the second must be a repudiation of the slave code. The northern democrats can not stand the double sacrifice, while the south is intent upon making them come to their knees on both propositions. So the unprincipled are compelled to fight for a principle, whether they care for it or not.

An irrepressible warfare is going on and increasing in intensity among the democrats; and as the day of the second meeting of the hostile factions draws near, all must feel an interest in the decision which will be made at Baltimore. It involves the very existence of the old democratic party. Will they harmonize upon candidates and platform? Some one who knew before hand all about the results of the Chicago convention may be able to answer, but we cannot. Douglas may be thrown aside and Seymour of New York nominated, which is now the favorite theory, but if this is done, Douglas' friends must consent to it. Will they do so?

While all is uncertainty, contention and turmoil in the democratic camp, the republicans are united and confident of victory. Under the banner of their glorious leaders all are marching harmoniously to the conflict. With such unanimity and enthusiasm on our side, while the ranks of our opponents are rent in twain by discord and treason, there can be little doubt who will triumph in November.

The state debt of Virginia now amounts to \$4,000,000. To meet the interest and provide for the principal under the present system of taxation is impossible, and the large slaveholders insist that slaves are taxed according to their market value, they will be compelled to move their "chattel" out of the state. They claim that they ought to be taxed as persons, which, of course, would involve a levy altogether nominal, comparatively speaking.—*Exchange.*

The "irrepressible conflict" is not an unfilled prediction. At home, in the very seat of the slave power, it is going on at this moment, and will not cease until the interests of the slaveholder or the free laborer are permanently established over the defeated party.

Eastern Virginia, populated by freemen, are engaged in an earnest contest for a proper division of the burdens and benefits of a state government. The demand of the eastern-slaveholder for an exemption from taxation on his dark-skinned property is met with a stern resistance by the western-border laborer, or with a demand to exclude that property from a representation which places the political power of the state in the hands of the slaveholders. The canons are daily operating which will ultimately make Virginia itself wholly a free or a slave state in all its interests and influences. Who can doubt the result?

Letter from a Pike's Peak Emigrant.

We have been permitted to copy the following extracts from a letter written by Mr. J. Tice, of this city, to his parents and friends. It is dated South Platte, May 11th, 1860:

"I am now seated in our tent on a carpet-bag and writing on the table about five miles above the South Platte Crossing. This is a town of three mud houses, or ranches, as they are termed in this country; they are built of sods with a roof composed of earth.

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A LITTLE DOOR-STEP INCIDENT AT BUFFALO.—On Friday evening last, a gentleman residing in Buffalo, found a basket on his door-step, the contents of which proved to be an extremely young male infant, so young in fact that it had probably not opened its eyes to the light. Pinned to the baby's swaddling clothes was the following note, without signature:

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A "CHILD MARRIAGE" AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.—The Wanshara Co. Argus says: "Last week we chronicled the decease of Mrs. Case, of this village, aged sixteen years, six months and ten days." Mrs. C., so early called from life to death, was married about three years ago, and has left three little children to mourn a mother's loss—a sad commentary on the error of such early marriages. Let parents beware, and girls take warning.

Is this a civilized country?—**WALWORTH COUNTY JOURNAL.**—Mr. Lawton having suspended the Delevan Northron, Mr. L. T. Guernsey takes his place and commences the publication of the "Walworth County Weekly Journal." The Journal is printed on new type, by a thorough practical printer, edited by a competent writer, and published by a man worthy of support and confidence. Mr. Guernsey, in whom these qualities are all combined, is the inventor of the Guernsey power-press we used in our office three years ago. We wish him success, and commend him heartily to the republicans of Walworth county.

Scholar Benjamin's reply to Douglas is said to have been scathing and overwhelming. He scorned the patronizing air and pompous offer of quarter of the Illinois Senator, and quoted largely from his speech in the campaign of 1853, to show the inconsistency of Douglas in his dogma of unfriendly legislation.

At the late Douglas democratic meeting in Cincinnati, James J. Farn (democratic post-master) and J. Durbin Ward, both Charleston delegates, uttered very hard things about the south. Ward said that "for the first time in his life he felt that he was not in the United States." It was useless, he said, to conceal the fact that there was a feeling in the south antagonistic to the democratic party and to the Union itself. A northern man could not speak outside the hall, and when Logan of Ill., himself born in the south, arose to address the people he was compelled to desist. But worse than all were the influences brought to bear against Douglas. Mr. Ward said:

"As soon as the convention opened, one side of the gallery was filled with men opposed to the Little Giant, and the other gallery was filled with ladies opposed to him. A motion was soon after made to admit ladies upon the floor, and they were accordingly admitted, and all opposed to Douglas and his adherents. This was the way outside influence was brought to bear."

Wheat Culture.

In my last I promised to speak of the true depth to cover wheat when sown. There are at least two prime objects to be considered.—First, the most suitable depth for the immediate germination; Secondly, that depth which will be most conducive to a full development of its natural and peculiar government.

There seems to be a curious fact connected with this; that is, that the same depth which will cause the grain to send forth its roots and sprout the most readily, will likewise allow it to spread out its numerous spires in the most natural manner. I think no one will take up an argument against me on this ground—that from one to two inches covering will cause the grain to vegetate the most readily of any depth of covering that can be given it. If covered less than one inch, sooner or later it will be liable to suffer from drought; this I think will require no argument to satisfy the most skeptical, as experience has settled that fact long ago, more certainly than any theory can. If covered more than two inches, there seems to be a transgression of natural law which is punished by suffering or entire dissolution, according to the extent of the crime or disobedience. On this point there may be more or less disagreement in the minds of men; therefore, it becomes necessary to examine the facts in the case, and see what, if any, appear by which we can come to a safe conclusion.

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If such are the facts, nature has most certainly kindly furnished us with a certain criterion by which to guide us to success. By obeying her dictates we shall escape her penalties. After the base is formed by an enlarged stock, the second leaf starts on that base, and between the leaf and the main stalk, appears the crown for the second stalk; the third appears under the second leaf and on the opposite side of the main stalk, which three correspond to the first three trochets, which is often the case in strong and healthy kernels sown at a proper distance from each other, and on good soil. Then there will be two more crowns, one on each side of the main stalk, and between the two first crowns.

I spoke in my last of there being sometimes as many as seven trochets, which is sometimes the case; and then there will be two more crowns, whose location will be between the two first and the main stalk, which denotes very strong and healthy grain.

Let I trespass on the kindness of the editor, I will close for this time.

J. B. PEMBER.

Speech by Hon. Hannibal Hamlin on his Nomination.

The republicans at Washington on Friday evening proceeded to the Washington House, where Mr. Hamlin resides, and serenaded him in honor of the occasion of his nomination for vice president. Mr. Hamlin responded in the following speech:

FRIENDS AND FELLOW CITIZENS.—Concurring with you fully in the great principles which have united us in political association, I am pleased to meet you on this occasion, and I unite my voice with yours most cordially in a tribute to a common cause. You have assembled to congratulate each other upon the doings of our recent convention at Chicago, the result of which has come to us over the telegraph assigned to me, you will allow me to say, that while I feel profoundly grateful for the honor it confers, and am duly sensible of the obligations it imposes, it was neither sought, expected, or even desired. But as it has come unsolicited, it leaves me no alternative but to accept the responsibilities which attach to it, with an earnest hope and endeavor, that a cause more important than any man, will receive no detriment at my hands.

But you have come to pay a tribute to our standard-bearer, who has been taken from the Great West, where the star of empire is culminating; it is not already culminated; a man of comprehensive and vigorous intellect, and fully equal to the position designated. The architect of his own fortune, he comes to us most emphatically a representative man; not only a representative man as an able and earnest exponent of republican principles, but as identified with the laboring and industrial classes.—Having from early life, to the maturity of manhood, devoted himself to physical labor, he can, as he has done, understand the needs of the laborer. He stands before the people, too, with a high moral character, upon which even a suspicion was never breathed, and with a political integrity above reproach. The objects desired by the republicans in the pending election, and the obligations imposed upon our candidate, are to bring back the government to the principles and practices of its fathers and founders, and to administer it in the light of their wisdom and example; to aid our commerce, to send it upon distant seas, and to prepare for it in its infancy, and on its return, to infuse new life and energy into the productive and industrial pursuits of the whole country, for we must not forget that the prosperity of every country must repose upon productive industry.—Labor it is, and labor alone, that builds and navigates our ships, delves in our mines, makes music in the workshops, clears away the forests, and makes the hillside blossom as the rose. It maintains our government and upholds the world in its prosperity and advancement. Surely, then, it should call for long and demand its rights of the government in this contest.

To preserve the integrity of the Union, with the full and just rights of all the states, the states themselves not interfering with the principles of liberty and humanity in the territories of the United States, outside of their own jurisdiction, and to preserve our original territorial domain for the homesteads of the free—these are the great principles which we have united to sustain and advance. That done, our government will remain a blessing to all, and our country a refuge in which the man of every creed and every clime may enjoy the securities and privileges of institutions of freedom, regulated only by law.

Every thing is growing rapidly.

The Telegraph.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.
BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE,
Office in Union, Exchange Depot.

New York, May 24.

Advices from Kingston, Jamaica, the 20th have been received.

Wm. Girard, editor of the Colonial Standard, police magistrate for the city of Kingston, and one of the most respected citizens of the community, had been detected in extensive forgeries on the Island Bank, and had been sentenced to imprisonment in the general penitentiary for three years.

Slight shocks of an earthquake had been felt in Jamaica, but the damage done was trifling when compared with that done in Hayti.

In Port au Prince shocks were so violent that it was thought had they continued a second longer not a house in the place would have been left standing.

In the town of Sanzavean 124 houses had been prostrated.

The second trot on the Union course between the stallions Geo. M. Patchin and John Allen, was won, again resulting in the victory of the first, won the race in three straight heats. The match was well contested and excellent time was made. The second heat having been in 2:26. There were at least 6000 spectators within the course.

FROM WASHINGTON.—A philanthropic scene occurred in the ante-room of the representative hall to-day. A handsome mulatto slave girl appeared in the charge of Dr. Davidson of this city, with a statement that she had been sold to a negro trader, but by raising \$500 in cash and securing the consent of \$700 more by the 1st of August, she could purchase her freedom. The amount was promptly raised among the republican members, and the girl is now free.

Tribe's Washington Correspondence.—The friends of Seward, who are best authorized to speak in his behalf, rebuke, in the most emphatic terms, the suggestion that he will give a cold or halting support to Mr. Lincoln, or encourage lukewarmness in others.

So great was the enthusiasm made by Mr. Benjamin's speech, that 1,500,000 copies were subscribed for immediately, in that chamber alone, without the list being sent to the house.

Mr. Wendell again appeared before the Covode committee to-day, and testified that while the President and cabinet did not specifically direct him to apply money to carry the Lecompton bill through the house, his intercourse with them at that time, fully justified the inference that he was benefited by the expenditure; otherwise he would have appropriated \$30,000 or \$40,000 of his own money. The expectation was that he would receive remunerative patronage, which was subsequently realized in part. All his testimony on this and other delicate points, has been constrained and evidently embarrassed by the knowledge that every disclosure affecting those in authority, would involve himself.

Comparing his check book with the accounts of the Bank of the Metropolis, several weeks ago, an item of \$4,500 was found charged to Foster of Pennsylvania, among the monies appropriated for electioneering purposes, and dated September, three weeks before the congressional election.

He was then asked whether the Foster thus named was the present democratic candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, and who ran against Mr. Covode for congress in 1858. No satisfactory answer could be obtained at that time, but when the interrogatory was repeated to-day, he admitted of knowing no other Foster for whose benefit it could have been applied. He said large sums had been entrusted to Mr. White, an ex-member from Pennsylvania, for distribution during the canvass.

The case of Post Master Reynolds at Louisville, will be brought before the committee. He was appointed through the influence of Mr. Guthrie, ex-secretary of the treasury, and it will be proved that he disposed of the receipts at a private bank from which Mr. Guthrie borrowed.

Mr. Cobb pronounced this a violation of the sub-treasury law, but through the influence of Post Master General Holt, the President keeps him in office.

New York, May 24.

A despatch from Washington says that Henry D. Johnson, of the state department, is nominated consul general to Constantinople.

The impression is now general here that the case of the Pacific railroad stock is much larger than supposed. One statement, said to come from the company's office, is said to be 2,400 shares. It is said that certificates for 3,000 shares have been presented for dividends, and that all these are registered in the stock ledger.

Augusta, Ga., May 23.

Hon. W. C. Preston died at Columbia yesterday.

Mr. Andrew Burnside, an extensive cotton merchant, died at Hainburg this afternoon.

WASHINGTON, May 24.

Horse.—The house proceeded to act on the amendments reported yesterday from the committee of the whole, on the state of the Union, to the civil appropriation bill.—Among those introduced was one appropriating \$100,000 for seeds and seedlings, to be distributed by the patent office. The bill was passed.

Among other appropriations is \$1,600,000 for taking the census.

Mr. Colfax called up the senate Pacific telegraph bill. He was originally in favor of giving out the contract to the lowest bidder, but he had been convinced that it was not the best plan.

Mr. Burnett moved to strike out the name of the corporations.

Messrs. Burdett, Sedgewick and others introduced the contract shall be given to the lowest guaranteed bidder, after proposals had been inserted sixty days from the passage of the bill.

The amendment was agreed to—ayes 93, nays 82.

SENATE.—Mr. Benjamin called attention to the necessity of doing something at once with the bill from the judiciary committee, to provide for the negroes now at Key West. It authorizes the president to enter into a contract with any person or corporation to receive from the United States authorities the Africans seized on the vessels engaged in the slave trade, and to support them for six months from the date of their landing on the coast of Africa, providing the cost of the same shall not exceed \$100 for each.

The president is also authorized to use the vessels of war to transport them to Africa. \$200,000 is appropriated for the purposes of the bill.

Mr. Pugh offered an amendment, to extend the period during which negroes are to be supported to not less than one year, instead of 6 months. Adopted, yeas 20, nays 17.

Mr. Davis opposed the policy of making appropriations, it did not fall within the obligations of the government to provide for their support in Africa for so long a period.

Mr. Eschenden responded, contending that it was incumbent on them to admit without providing for their support.

Mr. Davis replied, sustaining his previous position. He offered as an amendment, to strike out all of the bill except so much as

related simply to it, and contended that by our treaty obligations its passage was demanded. Mr. Davis caused the treaty to be read, to show that no such obligations existed.

Mr. Brown contended that the negroes were slaves at home, and that if it was not inhuman to return them home it was not inhuman to bring them away.

The Market.

New York, May 24.

Flour market more active and better.—Sales 19,000 bbls. at 5.00a5.12 1/2 superior sales; 5,25a5.50 common to medium extra western; 5,80a6.00 inferior to good shipping brands round hoop Ohio. Canada flour without material change. Sales 600 bbls. at 5.25a7.40. Rye flour steady—3.50a4.20. Wheat shade finer. Rye firm—8.00a8.25. Oats steady—40a42 western Canada and state.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.—It is said that the grand jury of Queen Anne's county, Maryland, have presented the New York Tribune and the Sunday School Advocate as incendiary documents under the act of the assembly of 1831. Postmasters will be required to withhold these papers from subscribers in the future.

ANOTHER SLAVE CAPTURED.—The bark Wm. Tate, of New York, has been taken into Key West with 350 negroes on board, having been captured by the United States ship Wyandotte off the Isle of Pines.

NOT ONE TO BE FOUND.—We are informed, that in the town of Cedar Falls, Iowa, containing about 1,500 inhabitants, there are not over twelve or fifteen democrats, and among this number, not one was competent to manage the post-office of the town. A democrat was therefore imported from Duquette, and duly installed in the office.

The authorities of Philadelphia have appropriated \$1,000 to entertain the commissioners from the thirteen states who are to visit that city in June next, to adopt plans for a monument to the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

A HEAVY BRIDGE BLOWN DOWN.—Loss from \$20,000 to \$30,000.—We learn from the Rock Island Register that a terrible hurricane swept over that region on Sunday night about 6 o'clock, and in its course swept away the large covered railroad bridge across Rock river, on the C. & E. R. R. The bridge was about 700 feet in length, strongly built of heavy timbers, and its fall must have been felt for miles around. Fortunately there was no one near the bridge at the time, and in connection with this disaster we are glad that we have no loss of life to record.

A FOX LAKE WAIF.—We learn from the Fox Lake Gazette that a male baby three or four weeks old, was left at the door of Quarries H. Barron's house on Friday morning last. As friend Barron had made no provisions in his household for rearing unwashed babies, the youngster was handed over to the authorities, and is now at the county poor house.

DOUGLAS CARTRIDGES TURNED INTO LINCOLN SALUTES.—While the Charleston convention was in session some of the Douglas men in Rochester, N. Y., ordered cartridges prepared for a salute to the moment the "Little Giant's" nomination was announced. But it did not come, and so the powder was burnt on Friday evening in firing a Lincoln salute! It made the Douglasites shiver.—So says the Union and Democrat.

DETECTORS OF POISON.—A medical publication gives an account of arsenic being discovered in a dilution of 500,000 times; and it also gives another account of an analysis which "proved incontrovertibly the presence of strychnine and brucia in considerable quantities." Palmer, the English poisoner, was executed upon testimony of chemists, who detected strychnine in the blood of the victims.

The deputy United States marshal has taken possession of the type, presses, &c., of the La Crosse Union and Democrat office, which will probably be sold at marshal's sale. The liabilities of the office, over and above its assets, are understood to be over \$1,600.

The California legislature has been amusing itself with the discussion of a bill making lobbying and log-rolling an offence punishable by fine and imprisonment. And strange as it may appear, it passed the upper house.

STEIN.—Garibaldi left Genoa on the 5th with 2,200 men, in three steamers, well provided with arms, ammunition, &c., for Sicily, to aid the insurgents.

Nearly 5,000 persons flocked to the beach to bid them God speed. The enthusiasm of the troops at Genoa was so great that it was necessary to confine them to the barracks to prevent disorder in order to enroll themselves. Garibaldi had sanguine hopes of cutting out one of the Neapolitan frigates on the watch for him. Meke Medici, Garibaldi's lieutenant, was to start in a few days with 3,000 men, and Garibaldi had been offered a large sum for gold 3,000,000 francs in notes at the Bank of Genoa. It is stated that the expedition was not to land at Sicily, but intended to create a diversion in Calabria.

EXCITING SCENE BEFORE THE COVODE COMMITTEE.—A violent and extraordinary scene occurred in Mr. Covode's committee room on Wednesday. Mr. Garibaldi had been recalled to close his testimony, and Judge Black was present by his own request, expecting to conduct the cross-examination; but the committee decided that he must only submit questions in writing through Mr. Winslow, one of its members. Mr. Schanable proceeded to give the history of his political relation to the administration, and why he went to The Constitution office to demand a cessation of attacks on Mr. Douglas, where he had the accidental interview with Judge Black, which led to the publication of Mr. Buchanan's letter to Mr. Walker. During the progress of the testimony Judge Black frequently interrupted him and put questions, and finally asked where his residence was, which Mr. Schanable regarded as an insulting imputation. Mr. Schanable thereupon rose from his seat and denounced him in the most offensive terms, applying those of "liar," "scoundrel," and such epithets, with the utmost freedom.—Judge Black left the room, and was followed by Mr. Schanable, who continued to stigmatize him along the corridors, and in the presence of astonished spectators. Both parties threaten criminal prosecution.

The New York Herald comes out with a very abusive article upon the nomination of Mr. Lincoln. It is a great pity that the venerable Mr. Bennett is not pleased.

THE WYOMOUTH POISONING CASE.—This case, in which George C. Hersey is charged with poisoning two young ladies, will probably prove the most exciting which has been before the courts in this state since the murder of Dr. Parkman by Dr. Webster. Already the public mind is divided respecting the guilt of Hersey, and there will be a most earnest defence of him. The first hearing will be held in Wyomouth on Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock. The prosecution will be conducted by B. W. Harris, the district attorney for Plymouth county, and the defence by Hon. E. C. Baker and Geo. S. Sullivan, Esq., of this city. The talents and reputation of Mr. Baker and Mr. Sullivan will insure the prisoner a vigorous defence.—Boston Atlas, May 18.

BOSTON, May 22.

The investigation by the coroner's jury in the late mysterious death at Weymouth, has resulted in declaring that Betsy Frances Tirrell was poisoned with strychnine, which has also been discovered in the remains of her eldest sister Mary, who died about three months previously. Both girls were found to have been *enchantes*. Hersey is in jail heavily ironed. His examination will take place this week.

KEEP ALL CLEAN.—The sap vessels of trees, as well as the pores of the human body, become clogged, and the system unhealthy, unless cleanliness is maintained by frequent rubbing, washing, &c. Now is a good time to apply a wash of weak ley water to the bodies of all young or old fruit trees. Clear away all the grass around the roots, dig out the worms, and make all clean, so that the tree can grow now in the growing season. If you wait until June is past, you have lost all the benefit for the year for by that time most all trees have made their annual growth in length, and only ripen wood and fruits during the remainder of the season.—Ohio Farmer.

QUICK AND STEADY MILKING.—A very successful dairyman writes to the New England Farmer, that one of the greatest essentials in the management of cows is good milking:

Each cow should have a steady milker, be milked as fast as possible, and all the milk drawn. I am satisfied that there is a loss of one-third in many dairies, by the lazy, haphazard way in which cows are milked. I have known persons to sit down in the milking yard and go through with some long yarn, and be from ten to twenty minutes milking one cow, when it should be done in less than five.

The democratic leaders at Washington are casting about for some one to run against Lincoln. They talk of Seymour of New York, and Guthrie of Kentucky, Douglas being considered out of the question. It makes little difference who they bring out, Old Abe will defeat the crowd.

ARRANGER.—The La Crosse Republican states that the Union will be again issued this week, Swineford having disposed of his interest in the establishment to Pomeroy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

McKEY & BRO.

ARE now receiving their second supply of NEW GOODS, embracing every thing new and desirable in market. LOOK OUT FOR A HANDBILL in a few days, containing a list of goods, prices, &c. &c.

J. H. BALCH, Accountant and Notary Public, Gazette Office, Janesville, Wisconsin. may24law

Cove Oysters!

FRESH arrival of Baltimore Cove Oysters, in different cases and barrels, these oysters are put up in all tight cases and warranted to keep fresh any length of time and in the warmest weather. They are equally as good as those received in this city, for steams, frigates or warships, and are very nice eaters as they are with vinegar. Retail at 30 and fifty cents per dozen. For orders apply to J. H. BALCH, my24law

ENLARGEMENT OF PALMER'S DRUG AND TEA STORE!

—AND— EXTENSION OF BUSINESS.

PALMER'S WELL KNOWN Drug, Medicine, Tea and Paint Store,

NEAR THE FORD HOUSE, WEST MILWAUKEE STREET,

HAS recently been enlarged and improved to meet the growing requirements of his trade. On the second floor a new sales room has been added, including the old one, for the accommodation of the extensive

TEA TRADE of the concern, and also to enable him to give a wider range to his business in the line of

Paints, Oils, Groceries and Family Stores!

On the second floor, over the old store, he has fitted up a room the entire length of the building for the exhibition and sale of

Physicians' & Druggists' Glass Ware, CHEMICALS AND PACKAGE GOODS.

The assortment in this line is now one of the most extensive and complete in the western country. His stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Combs, Brushes, Toilet Articles, Sponges, Pipes & Liquors, Flavoring

Extracts, Choice Tobacco, Family Groceries, Burning Fluid, Lamps, &c.

We never are complete as at the present moment. His mode of doing business enables him to hold out inducements to his customers by no other.

We also guarantee the purity and genuineness of all

GOODS SOLD BY US, and that the quality shall be precisely as represented.

CAREFULLY PUT UP. FAMILIES, PHYSICIANS, PAINTERS, Glaziers and Others, requiring goods in our line, will, as heretofore, find this ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES in the west at which to make their purchases.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dentistry.

M. B. Johnson still continues the practice of Dentistry at the old place, over the Rock County Bank, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville, Wis. He is now manufacturing artificial features on *Valentine's Rubber Zips*. This substance has been thoroughly tested, and found to be superior to many others. It is very strong and light, and is worn with greater ease and comfort than most any thing else, and is as affordable as a first class plate in which he has the best of all Call and see. He also continues to use a *the Chain saw Gum Work*, which is superior to all others; to gather with all other styles of work now in use, may24law

EDGERTON BRICK! Wood and Coal Yard.

I am now receiving a new supply of very choice Edgerton Brick, which are offered at a very low price.

MY WOOD AND COAL YARD

Is regularly supplied with new shipments and new stock.

Persons desiring to purchase either of these articles can make satisfactory prices with me.

EDGERTON. R. T. LAWTON.

Cocaine for the Hair.

Campbell's Hair, Campbell's Hair and Oily Soap, American Hair Restorer's and Tonic, sold by

G. R. CURTIS, People's Drug Store. dec27law

BENNETT, CASSODY & GIBBS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

GENERAL REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Will furnish full and reliable ABSTRACTS OF TITLE to any lands in Rock county.

Office in Lappin's Block, Main Street, JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

JOHN B. BENNETT, J. B. CASSODY, CHAS. E. GIBBS

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. R. Gibbs is Commissioner for Pennsylvania Ohio, Vermont and New York. may24law

R. B. Treat, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon. Office at heretofore, directly over Tallman & Collins's Drug Store. Particular attention will be given to all cases requiring Medical or Surgical treatment or advice.

Janesville, Aug. 1, 1859. aug12law

1860 New Commission House. 1860

WE have had the honor to receive from the Wisconsin State Commission, a new and complete set of *Commissioners' Reports*, which we have now on hand, and are prepared to sell at a very low price.

Wholesale Commission House!

Our facilities for transacting a business of this kind are unsurpassed, and all matters entrusted to us shall receive our prompt and careful attention.

Among the articles already on consignment we have:

LAND PLASTER! from the celebrated beds at Grand Rapids, Mich., of very superior quality, which should be in general use with all farmers and mechanics.

LEGAL.

10 11 12	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	1a
12 13 14 15	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	
6 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	
7 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	15
at and	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	
William et	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	10
11 12 13	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	17
9 10 11	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	18
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	19
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	20
SHERMAN'S SUBDIVISION OF LOT 5--Pease's A.D.		
lot 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		
MUMFORD and 10 rods deep Adj. Mrs. Currier,		
MAY'S ADDITION.		
at 4; n ½ lot 4; lots 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		
BOYD'S ADDITION.		
VILLAGE OF JANEVILLE.		
Block lots		Block
7 1 and 2 ½ lot 2		43
8 1 of 10		42
10 22 ft on Main text		
11 back to river a *		

18 pt of	42
20 22 ft on Main ext	
20 back to river of a	
24 adj E P Dory	42
24 pt of on Main ext	
24 back to river of a	
24 adj A C Bates	42
26 lot of	
a strip 25 ft wide	
across fly and blk	
42 and a strip 14 ft	
wide of a adj blk	
42	
pt of	43
14 ft on Main ext	
84 back to river of a	
24 a S M Mansur	
pt of	43
45 ft on Main ext	
back to river of a	
adj A Partridge	
35 pt of a	44
25 20 ft from a rear	
part of the center	

BLOCK OF JANEVILLE—S.J. Ward.

	1 st lot	Bk's
We cut 1	side s; lot 2; wds	
2x8 rods in	side s; lot 4	31
1 x 26 rods e	n side 2 4	31
white off	1/2 rod off n side 4	32
l 1	lot 1	39
2x8 rods off	1 pt 12 being 4 ft from it	52
	Water cut east 62 ft	
lots 67 & 5	back s found adj y	
ly side 4	Trask & Howard's	
to run away	Haven side	

DICKSON & BAILEY'S ADDITION.

lot 1; lot 41; lot 42; n 1/4 lot 43; lot 53; c Lf
lots 57-58 59 60 62

CALKINS' ADDITION.

block 1; lot 3 in block 3.

MARK & WITHROW'S ADDITION.

black 2 lots; lot 12 in block 4; 1/2 acre 12 n
lot 2 in block 5.

MORSE'S SUBDIVISION.

lots 67 & 89 13 11 12.

12 13 17 13 20 24
WILSON'S ADDITION.

6 7 8 9
HILL, BAILEY & STONE'S ADDITION.
10 28 31 45 49 130 167 182 52 68 79 127 130 131;
150; lots 108 109; s h n h b f lot 170; w h f s h f
1 372

DIMOCK'S SUBDIVISION.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13.

DOE'S ADDITION.
18 20; why h f lot 41 and 42; s h w h w q
lots in lot 47; lot 48; h w w q lot 49; w q lot
1 f w n h lot 47; lot 51; lot 53 except 1 f o r s
s s 52 54 56 55.

WILMER & SUTHERLAND'S ADDITION.
H&K lots B&K
w h f w h f s 1 1 6 7 8 9
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
C 1 3 7 5 6
S 1 2
6 7 8 9
11 4 5 6
12 13 14 10
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
16 17 18 19 20

ROCKETS		ETC
unbird lot w	1 2 3 4	8
	1 unbirded lot w of	8
	1 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	9
	1 unbirded 7 8 9 10	9
unbirded	3	11
lot w; un-	5 6	10
bird lot w	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	14
unbird lot w	10 11	15
	5 unbirded lot w of	15
	6 4	15

MONEY ADDITION.

1. all except 82s rods in lot and a strip 150;

2. taken by R. P. and 12 rods wide off wend;

22 13 37 55 60 51 62 63; e. lit lots 10 x 6; lots

5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

MILITONIA'S ADDITION.

11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45

46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65

66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84

85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102

103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117

118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132

133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147

148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162

163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177

178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192

193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207

208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222

223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237

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403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417

418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432

433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447

448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462

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628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642

643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657

658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672

673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687

688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702

703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717

718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732

733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747

748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762

763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777

778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792

793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807

808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822

823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837

838 839 840 841 842 843 844

SMITH'S ADDITION.		
	DR. LOTS.	1/4 L.
1 11 13 15 17	1 11 13 15 17 19	19
2 14 16 18 10 12	2 13 7 9 11 12 2 4 6 8	29
3 18 20 22 14 16	3 18 20 22 14 1 3 5	21
4 21 23 25 17 19	4 7 11 13 12 2 4 6 8	22
5 24 26 28 20 22	5 10 12 14	21
6 27 29 31 23 25	6 13 15 17 19 21 23	23
7 30 32 34 26 28	7 16 18 20 22 24 26 28	24
8 33 35 37 29 31	8 19 21 23 25 27 29 31	25
9 36 38 40 32 34	9 22 24 26 28 30 32 34	26
10 39 41 43 35 37	10 25 27 29 31 33 35 37	27
11 42 44 46 38 40	11 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	28
12 45 47 49 41 43	12 31 33 35 37 39 41 43	29
13 48 50 52 44 46	13 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	30
14 51 53 55 47 49	14 37 39 41 43 45 47 49	31
15 54 56 58 50 52	15 40 42 44 46 48 50 52	32
16 57 59 61 53 55	16 43 45 47 49 51 53 55	33
17 60 62 64 56 58	17 46 48 50 52 54 56 58	34
18 63 65 67 59 61	18 49 51 53 55 57 59 61	35
19 66 68 70 62 64	19 52 54 56 58 60 62 64	36
20 69 71 73 65 67	20 55 57 59 61 63 65 67	37
21 72 74 76 68 70	21 58 60 62 64 66 68 70	38
22 75 77 79 71 73	22 61 63 65 67 69 71 73	39
23 78 80 82 74 76	23 64 66 68 70 72 74 76	40
24 81 83 85 77 79	24 67 69 71 73 75 77 79	41
25 84 86 88 80 82	25 70 72 74 76 78 80 82	42
26 87 89 91 83 85	26 73 75 77 79 81 83 85	43
27 90 92 94 86 88	27 76 78 80 82 84 86 88	44
28 93 95 97 89 91	28 79 81 83 85 87 89 91	45
29 96 98 100 92 94	29 82 84 86 88 90 92 94	46
30 99 101 103 95 97	30 85 87 89 91 93 95 97	47
31 102 104 106 98 100	31 88 90 92 94 96 98 100	48
32 105 107 109 101 103	32 91 93 95 97 99 101 103	49
33 108 110 112 104 106	33 94 96 98 100 102 104 106	50
34 111 113 115 107 109	34 97 99 101 103 105 107 109	51
35 114 116 118 110 112	35 100 102 104 106 108 110 112	52
36 117 119 121 113 115	36 103 105 107 109 111 113 115	53
37 120 122 124 116 118	37 106 108 110 112 114 116 118	54
38 123 125 127 119 121	38 109 111 113 115 117 119 121	55
39 126 128 130 122 124	39 112 114 116 118 120 122 124	56
40 129 131 133 125 127	40 115 117 119 121 123 125 127	57
41 132 134 136 128 130	41 118 120 122 124 126 128 130	58
42 135 137 139 131 133	42 121 123 125 127 129 131 133	59
43 138 140 142 134 136	43 124 126 128 130 132 134 136	60
44 141 143 145 137 139	44 127 129 131 133 135 137 139	61
45 144 146 148 140 142	45 130 132 134 136 138 140 142	62
46 147 149 151 143 145	46 133 135 137 139 141 143 145	63
47 150 152 154 146 148	47 136 138 140 142 144 146 148	64
48 153 155 157 149 151	48 139 141 143 145 147 149 151	65
49 156 158 160 152 154	49 142 144 146 148 150 152 154	66
50 159 161 163 155 157	50 145 147 149 151 153 155 157	67
51 162 164 166 158 160	51 148 150 152 154 156 158 160	68
52 165 167 169 161 163	52 151 153 155 157 159 161 163	69
53 168 170 172 164 166	53 154 156 158 160 162 164 166	70
54 171 173 175 167 169	54 157 159 161 163 165 167 169	71
55 174 176 178 170 172	55 160 162 164 166 168 170 172	72
56 177 179 181 173 175	56 163 165 167 169 171 173 175	73
57 180 182 184		

11 22	S2083347	53
12 24 6 7 9	12 2 2 6 5	58
10 13 6 7 9	11 all of	59
12 24 6 8 9	12 all of	41
13 1 6 7 8 9 10	13 1 6 7 24 6 8	42
6 6 7 8 9 10	14 1 2 5 4 6 7 8 9	43
12 24 6 10 8	15 1 3 6 7 8 9 10	44
10 1 6 7 8 9	16 1 6 7 8 9 24 6 8	45
11 11 12	17 5 6 7 8	37

PALMER'S ADDITION.

11	Elk Lots	Rt 6
	2 1 2	6
	2 1	

Juneville, May 1st, 1860.

JAMES M. BURGESS, County Treasurer.

Given

State of Wisconsin.

COURT OF CLERK OF ROCK COUNTY.

VS

W. Lusk, Plaintiff, against Henry S Swift and Mary S Holden, Defendants.

Verdict of a judgment of foreclosure and sale in and to all above entitled case rendered on the 19th day of MAY A D 1860, I shall on

THE 4th DAY OF MAY A D 1860,

auction to the highest bidder, at the American
 in Algerton, in said county, the following de-
 manded premises, to wit: The village of Abala
 ssary to raise the sum of \$151.55, besides inter-
 est of said sum: Lots one, two, three and four in
 village of Abala, of Township 35 North and Range
 of said city, with mortgage premises are situated in
 county, Wisconsin. Dated January 29, A. D. 1860.
 R. T. LAYTON, Sheriff.
 To-wit:
 To A. J. BORDAGE, Deputy, Jas. C. WOOD, Secy.
 To A. J. BORDAGE, Deputy, Jas. C. WOOD, Secy.
 Thereafter sold to the purchaser on the 4th day of
 D. 1860, at the same hour and place.—May 4th,
 R. T. LAYTON, Sheriff.
 per E. A. BORDAGE, Deputy.

Sheriff's Sale on Foreclosure.
 STATE OF WISCONSIN.
 CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.
 In favor against John D. Seaver, Harriet Seaver,
 John Woodbury, Calvin Seaver, John P. Seaver, John
 Woodbury, Elizabeth Woodbury, James B.
 James Myers, William Knishley: Ors. M. Lee-
 sue Murphy, Franklin G. Avery and George Chas.

the 28th day of January 1860, in favor of the defendant plaintiff, against said John M. Deane, as obligor, offering for sale and at public auction, at the highest bidder, on the corner of Main and Mill streets, in front of the Merchants Bank, in the city of Mobile in said county, by

THE S.O. DAY & CO. 1870,

showing described mortgage premises, to wit: All that certain lot or parcel of land situated in said county aforesaid, and known and distinguished by the following description, to-wit: The southwest quarter [1] of section [1] of township [1] north, range [1] west, also the west half of the northwest quarter [1] of section seven [1], also the northeast quarter [1] of section [1] of township [1] north, range [1] west, all the above tracts or parcels of land being in town four east, eleven [1] north, so called. Boreed by survey of the Surveyors General and may be so more fully described without material injury to the parties thereto.

Dated January 1st, 1870.
R. T. LAWTON, Sheriff.

By **S. J. M. PUTNAM, Under Sheriff.**

Witness my hand and the Seal of said County, this _____ day of _____ A.D. 18____.

Jas. J. Davis, Clerk
for the Plff.

Jan. 1st, 1870.

take place at the hour and place above men-
 tioned.
 Dated May 5th, 1890.
 R. T. LAWTON, Sheriff.
 By S. J. M. PUTNAM, Under Sheriff.
 & G., Attys for Plff. myd:dw

Hats, Oils, Brushes, Window Glass,
 sold at the EMPIRE DRUG STORE.
 TALLMAN & COLLINS.

17	18
12	456789
13	141516

TE OF WISCONSIN—ROCK COUNTY—SS.

[illegible]

sw q	19	84 nw q se q	34	40
se q	19	80 ne q se q	34	40
ne q nw q	23	20 n hf sw q se q se q	21	5
hf sw q no q	29	10 e hf ne q se q se q	21	5

VILLAGE OF RYANVILLE.

in block 9	1	12
	1	12
	1	12

CITY OF JAMESVILLE.

FARMING LANDS.	S	T	R
Dedication.	26	3	12
in nw cor sw q nw q	26	3	12
res in a b f se q	26	3	12

by highway to be higher than by Madison road, s by
to a farm owned by Ouf Millav.

in lot 3	20	3	12
by Paushaw, e by river, s by ER Doe,			
by Madison road.			
of lot 3	20	3	12
by Pixley, a by river, s by Lovejoy, w			
Madison road.			
see q w q	26	3	12
acres in s w q n w q	26	3	12
q except 5 acres in s e cor	26	3	12
acres in s e cor n h f s w q	26	3	12
run 10 rods on Highland q extend'g back			
rods.			
h f s w q n o q s w q, 2 1/2 acres	26	3	12

rd in a hf se q	20	3	12	
n by Geo Heild, w by Henderson, s by	20	3	12	
res in e hf nw q	20	3	12	
n by highway and Wm Andre, e by Mit-	25	8	12	
cell and Andre, s by Tiffany, Rowe and	25	8	12	
with a Norton, w by Dimock & Robinson.	25	8	12	
res in se nw q	35	3	12	
n by alley, w by Galena road, w by C S	35	3	12	
res in se nw q	35	3	12	
n by Tallman.	35	3	12	
res in se nw q	35	3	12	
n by Tallman, e by C S Roo, s by Gale-	35	3	12	

road, w by O W Norton.	35	3	12	2
n w q	30	3	12	a
of lot 1				
n by Norton and Ford saw mill lot, e by				
Rock river, s by Excelsior mill, w by race	30	3	12	w
road, w by				
bounded n by Janes and Ratham lot, e				
by Rock river, s by Milwaukee st, w by race	36	3	12	2
of lot 1				
n by A Hyatt Smith s others, e by river,				
by A C Bates s others, w by race, known				
as lots 8 and 9 in Janesville water power.	36	3	12	1

<p> Nashville mill on the north'ly line of Mill at ext'd into Rock riv, thence east'ly along Mill at 24 ft, thence northerly 132 ft, thence west'ly parallel with Mill at 24 ft, thence in direct line to the place of beginning. </p>	<p> w s 3 12 </p>
<p> w cor of N by City line, s by R R, s by Crooby, w by Rock river (30 acres). </p>	<p> 26 3 12 </p>
<p> Acres in n w q u s by Dougherty s Hill, e by Milton av, s by Kinbald, w by Smith. </p>	<p> 26 3 12 </p>
<p> Acres in s e q u n by Simpson, e by Milton av, s by East- </p>	

[illegible]

10 11 12 and 13 in Sertlimer's add'n being	30	3	12
rt of w q of			
bd w by Milton at, ne and s by Lightbody's			
land having 8 rods front and rear.			
acres in s w q se q	26	2	12
bd w by Hurmery st. e by H O Wilson, s by			
sew line, w by Taylor.			
acres in s w q se	25	3	12
bd n by Milwaukee road, e by Jackman, s			
by Sinclair's add. w by Jackman.			
4 acres in sw q sw q	39	3	13
bd n by Milwaukee road, s by highway, w			
by Whitten.			

	acres in s 1 q n w c ,	25	3	12
	s o f s ad j the residence of J B Crosby.			
	acres in lot 7	36	3	12
	bd n y q sec line, e by Bennett, s by high-			
	wy, w by W M Doty.	38	3	12
	were in lot 7			
	bd n y q sec line, e by Multimore, s by			
	highwy, w by Dickson and Bailey.	39	3	12
	bd square in s 1 q n w c			
	lying off Racine road w of and adj W B			
	Tung's dft.			

acres in h f swq	31	3	13
bd n by highway, e by Wells, s by Dickson, w by Stewart, lying 32 rods on road.	31	3	13
acres in h f sw q	31	3	13
bd n by highway, s by Gallethly, w s e by J P Dickson.	36	3	12
1/2 acre in			
bd n by P Myers, e by Main st, s by Almond st, w by river.	36	3	12
5-103 acres in	36	3	12
nd in	31	3	13
bd n by Fredendall, e by Main st, s by Ottman, w by Spring Brook.	31	3	13

acres in lot 4 w g	1	2	12
lot 1 by Millstone, s by Beloit road, s by			
Wilcox, w by Lovejoy.			
16 acres in lot 8 s g	1	2	12
on n end and by Fair ground, e by Beloit			
road, s by Atkins, w by Lovejoy.			
or 5 in	1	2	12
except 6 acres sold to R R and Tupper &			
Harris.			
acres in no cor w hf s w g	1	2	12
16 acres in lot 1 hf s w g	1	2	12
by n by Cole, e by Bailey, s by Lovejoy, w			
see line.			
and n by 6 acres in no cor of lot 5 in	1	2	12

lying n of highway and e of Millthore.	31	3	13
part of aw q			
com at a point 0 rods n of A Calkins' land			
on Main st, and ext'g nly 8 rods, b'd ev n			
by Thos Wheeler, a by bluff abt 8 1/2 by Lee.			
Patton & Calkins containing about 1 1/2 acs.	1	2	12
lot			
except that part platted as Millthore's add			
and 8 acres on a pt sold to L. H. Stone, and			
7 acres on apt.			
n 1/2 of aw q	35	3	13
lot 2 (41 acres)	2	2	12
4 22-100 acres w lf	2	2	12

60 1/2 acres in nw q sec 4	2	2	13
bd n by highway, e by J D Cole, s by Whit-			
man & Molony, w by Whitman & Molony.			
60 1/2 acres in nw q sec 4	2	2	13
bd n by highway, e by Churchman, s by			
Whitman & Molony, w by Todd.			
1 acre in sec 4 ne q	2	2	13
1 1/2 acre in w hf lot 2	1	2	13
lying s of blk 27 in Palmer and Suther-			
land's add.			
CROFT'S ADDITION.			
Lots 7 8 9 13 19 20			
WILLIS'S ADDITION.			

LOTS 1234
 2
 WILLARD'S SUBDIVISION LOT 1—Mitchell's Add
 Lots 8 and 7
 SUBDIVISION OF LOT 175—Smith, Bailey & Stone's A
 Lots 2 8 9 10 11 14
 MITCHELL'S ADDITION.
 and hf of lot 8; e hf lot 9; n pt lot 13, 4 rods on Acad
 my st ext 82 rods back; n pt lot 13, 4 rods on Acad
 my st ext 12 rods back; n pt of lot 14, 4 rods wide o
 Academy st 8 rods deep n of and abt G W Chittenden

aw q lot 17; n hf lot 20; n hf lot 21; ne q lot 24; n
se q lot 25; s hf hf lot 25; n hf lot 29; ne q
29; n hf sw q lot 29; s hf ne q lot 29; hf lot 27; 66 fe
on Washington st, 116 ft deep bet Mills & Metcalf,
lot 28; n hf ne q lot 29; s hf aw q lot 25.

MITCHILL'S 2d ADDITION.

lot 35; lot 36; s hf ne q lot 39, and a strip 1 rod wide
5 rods deep on s side, bet 43rd rode in ne cor lot 39;
n hf lot 39; s hf hf lot 39; s hf sw lot 40; sw q lot
42; lot 42; s hf hf; n hf se q and s hf ne q lot
42; hf lot 43; n hf se q lot 50; s hf sw q lot 30; n
n hf lot 51; lots 52 60 61 62 63 64 in ne cor bet 71 72 79
94 95 96 st.

MITCHCELLS 3^d ADDITION.
lots 128 104 121 126 127 123 134 135 139 137 138 140 141
142 143 144 145 146 160 161 162; e h f lots 163 and 164;
168 172 174 175.

MITCHELLS 5th ADDITION.
lots 154 160 157 188 189 190 210 219 220 221 222 223 225.

SMITH & BAILEY'S ADDITION.
nnl 1/4 of lots 3 4 5 7; lots 9 10 11 12 13 28 48 50 52
60 70 71 72 73; w h f 101 and 102.

SMITH, BAILEY & STONE'S ADDITION.
part of lots 7 and 3, 88 by 88 feet corner of River at
Pleasant streets; lot 74; w h f lot 77; lot 78; and

76; blt 103; pt and $\frac{1}{2}$ lot 88, cmti on Milwaukee
at 31 ft. of low cor at 88, thence e on Milwaukee
29 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. to place of beginning f, thence w by 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.
nly 66 ft. to fence as following known as Capital
loan; e hbf 32 lot 93; thns 97 99 100 102; e $\frac{1}{2}$ w
lots 101 and 103; thns 110 114 145 140 160; w hbf 32
pt n hfsw gct lot 178, 3x3 rods s of and adj S & B
lot 178, 8 rods on High St. to base of
lot 179, 8 rods on High St. to base of
lot 179, 4 rods on E corner of said lot 179; s
179, 4 rods on E corner of said lot 179; s by Stevens,
Quince, s by O S Carpenter; and blt lot 173.

HICKORY GLEN.

blt 127; lots 127, 128; lots 127 128

PEASE'S ADDITION.
lot 4 and a strip of land n of and ad lot 9 and 18;
19 23; n hf lot 25; w hf lot 90; lot 83; pt lot
2 rods square off the end; lot 44; a piece of land, on
nella at 4 rods front and rear, and 8 rods deep s of
ad lot 179 in Pease's 2d add; n hf w hf lot 40.

PEASE'S 2d ADDITION.
lot 46 121 117 161 162 201 202.

PIXLEY & SHAW'S ADDITION.
lots 3 6 8 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 27 28 29 30 34
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 63 64 65 95 96 97 98 99
101 102 103 104 106 110; w hf lots 118; n hf lots 119

h/lot 119: 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130
122 123 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141.

PIXLEY & SHAW'S 2d ADDITION.

Lots	B/Pk/Lots
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
12 13 14 15 16 17	1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	2 12 13 14 15 16 17 18

ALL KINDS OF JUSTICE'S BLANKS	ALL KINDS OF PRINTING
By S. J.	By S. J.
R. T. LAWSON, Sheriff.	M. PUGHAN, Under Sheriff.
Dated April 24, 1890.	R. T. LAWSON, Sheriff.
\$272.50	\$1234.67
18	18
12	12
33W	TAILMAN & COLLINS.